1	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT CHAMPAIGN COUNTY, ILLINOIS
2	
3	JAMES FRANK OSTERBUR,)
4	Plaintiff,)
	vs. , No. 10-MR-853
5) STATE OF ILLINOIS GOVERNOR)
6	P. QUINN; ILLINOIS)
7	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE; and) the ILLINOIS ATTORNEY) GENERAL,)
8)
9	Defendants.)
10	REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS of the electronic
11	recording of the hearing before CIRCUIT JUDGE THOMAS J.
12	DIFANIS on the 20th day of April, 2011.
13	
14	APPEARANCES:
15	MR. JAMES FRANK OSTERBUR
16	the Plaintiff herein appearing pro se
17	MR. JOSHUA I. GRANT Assistant Attorney General for the Defendant
18	
19	
20	Electronically Recorded Proceedings transcribed by:
21	LAURA B. WORKMAN, RMR, CRR
22	Official Court Reporter Champaign County Courthouse
23	Urbana, Illinois 61801 (217) 531-7406
24	

1 (April 20th, 2011)

2 (Microphone turned on late. Proceedings already in progress.)

MR. GRANT: -- such that the court has personal jurisdiction over this action. And here, since there's no general appearance on file and appearance has not been waived, the only method to attain jurisdiction is if proper service of summons has been perfected and, in this case, there has been no proper service for a variety of reasons.

First, with regard to the correct individuals who must be served, various documents have been sent to the general entities of the Illinois Department of Revenue as well as the governor's office and the Illinois Attorney General's Office; however, sending various documents and summonses to those general entities does not comply with Section 5-211 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Further, with regard to who may serve process in this case, the plaintiff has not employed an authorized process server. Again, Section 5-202 of the Code of Civil Procedure sets forth a limited number of authorized process servers. And, in this case, the plaintiff has sent various documents, letters, briefs,

supplements to briefs and a number of summonses that he directed the clerk to issue. He sent all of these various documents to the various agencies by regular or certified mail. However, in this case, on January -- although the case was originally filed as an action for administrative review, on January 10th of 2011, the plaintiff filed an amended complaint and, therefore, although service of summons by regular or certified mail could be appropriate in some types of cases, for the type of amended complaint that has been filed in this case, that type of service is not appropriate and only an authorized process server can serve process.

Further, there has been no proof of service filed with the court, which is required by Supreme Court Rule 12.

And, additionally, it's worth noting that, although this action was filed as an administrative review, there is no administrative proceeding that appears to be under review; therefore, I don't think the court has jurisdiction over this action under the Administrative Review Act or any other applicable act.

Finally, I would just note that, although courts typically afford some leniency to pro se litigants in these types of proceedings, in this case, you know, the

statutes require strict compliance with, with service of process in order for a court to attain jurisdiction. And, in this case, we have a pro se plaintiff who has — who has been involved with at least seven or eight different cases against the State of Illinois and various federal agencies in the Champaign County Circuit Court as well as the U.S. District Court for Central District of Illinois. Therefore, to the extent that the court typically affords some leniency to pro se litigants, we believe the rules should be strictly enforced here.

And, further, that under the rules, it is the plaintiff's burden to demonstrate that personal jurisdiction has been attained. And here where we filed affidavits attesting to the fact that there has been no proper service, there are no counter-affidavits on file so, therefore, there's no issue with regard to service and, therefore, since the plaintiff has not carried his burden, we would respectfully ask that the court quash the outstanding summonses and dismiss this matter.

THE COURT: Does the court not have, independent of whether or not there's been proper service, to review the pleadings and make an

1 independent determination that they don't state a cause of action, frivolous and patently without merit? 2 MR. GRANT: I, I believe the court does 4 -- would, would have cause to, to make an independent determination regarding the merit of the pleadings and, 5 6 additionally, it's our position that with respect to, 7 to the extent that the court does examine the 8 pleadings, that the pleadings fail to, to state a claim 9 or at least any legally recognizable claim and, in 10 fact, do, do approach frivolous litigation. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Osterbur, what do 12 you have to say about this? 13 THE DEFENDANT: This is an Illinois State 14 Constitution guaranteed right. We address the grievance filed. 15 16 THE COURT: Well, what are you -- what's your grievance? What are you -- what are you asking 17 18 for? 19 THE DEFENDANT: The right that the constitution allows me to assemble the people that are 20 21 of this community and of this state for an opportunity 22 to say in court that we want our say, that we want to

be responsible for our lives, our state, our society

here. We want the right to go beyond or before within

23

24

- or whatever the, the leadership of state. In other
- words, I don't believe the state is doing a good job,
- and I don't believe there's a lot of people that -- in
- 4 this city and this society and this state that believe
- 5 the state is doing a good job. And the consequence of
- 6 that is that we ought to have a legal right to say this
- 7 is a bad thing. And we want democracy.
- 8 Democracy is that we govern ourselves by the
- 9 law. The law says the Constitution is the law of the
- 10 state. And if it is the law of state, then I have
- 11 every legitimate right to require that that law be
- 12 carried out.
- To assemble the people requires the courtroom.
- To assemble the people requires a jury to say, yes,
- 15 he's right or, no, he's wrong and we don't want to go
- 16 any further.
- 17 THE COURT: Well, Mr. Osterbur, you have
- 18 First Amendment rights and you can take those up
- 19 wherever you --
- 20 THE DEFENDANT: This is a State of
- 21 Illinois right.
- THE COURT: -- feel appropriate.
- 23 Well, but you don't have the right to use the
- court as your bully pulpit or as your soapbox.

Т	THE DEFENDANT. THIS ISH'C a bully
2	THE COURT: Mr. Osterbur
3	THE DEFENDANT: All right, sir.
4	THE COURT: it's my turn now.
5	Your complaint doesn't state a cause of action.
6	And you have the same grievances with the State of
7	Illinois that a lot you're right, a lot of citizens
8	do, but the remedy is not in a court of law under this
9	under these circumstances. So what I'm going to do
10	sir, is grant the motion to not only grant the
11	motion to dismiss
12	THE DEFENDANT: I'm not quite done, sir.
13	THE COURT: I'm going to dismiss the
14	pleadings on their face. They do not state a cause of
15	action, frivolous and patently without merit, sir.
16	Thank you.
17	We'll be in recess.
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

1	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
2	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY, ILLINOIS
3	I, LAURA B. WORKMAN, an Official Court Reporter
4	for the Circuit Court of Champaign County, Sixth
5	Judicial Circuit of Illinois, transcribed the
6	electronic recording of the proceeding in the
7	above-entitled cause to the best of my ability and
8	based on the quality of the recording, and I hereby
9	certify the foregoing to be a true and accurate
10	transcript of said electronic recording.
11	
12	Official Court Reporter
13	Official Court Reporter
14	Dated this 25th day of April, 2011.
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	